

Array related problems (total 35 questions)

SL	Problem statement	Difficulty levels						
1.	<p>WAP that will take n integer numbers into an array, and then print all the integers into reverse order (from the last valid index to index 0).</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Sample input</th><th style="text-align: center;">Sample output</th></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">5 1 2 3 4 5</td><td style="text-align: center;">5 4 3 2 1</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">6 2 8 3 9 0 1</td><td style="text-align: center;">1 0 9 3 8 2</td></tr> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	5 1 2 3 4 5	5 4 3 2 1	6 2 8 3 9 0 1	1 0 9 3 8 2	*
Sample input	Sample output							
5 1 2 3 4 5	5 4 3 2 1							
6 2 8 3 9 0 1	1 0 9 3 8 2							
2.	<p>WAP that will take n integer numbers into an array, and then sum up all the integers in that array.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Sample input</th><th style="text-align: center;">Sample output</th></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">5 1 2 3 4 5</td><td style="text-align: center;">15</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">6 2 8 3 9 0 1</td><td style="text-align: center;">23</td></tr> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	5 1 2 3 4 5	15	6 2 8 3 9 0 1	23	*
Sample input	Sample output							
5 1 2 3 4 5	15							
6 2 8 3 9 0 1	23							
3.	<p>WAP that will take n integer numbers into an array, and then sum up all the even integers in that array.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Sample input</th><th style="text-align: center;">Sample output</th></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">5 1 2 3 4 5</td><td style="text-align: center;">6</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">6 2 8 3 9 0 1</td><td style="text-align: center;">10</td></tr> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	5 1 2 3 4 5	6	6 2 8 3 9 0 1	10	*
Sample input	Sample output							
5 1 2 3 4 5	6							
6 2 8 3 9 0 1	10							
4.	<p>WAP that will take n integer numbers into an array, and then sum up all the even indexed integers in that array.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Sample input</th><th style="text-align: center;">Sample output</th></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">5 1 2 3 4 5</td><td style="text-align: center;">9</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">6 2 8 3 9 0 1</td><td style="text-align: center;">5</td></tr> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	5 1 2 3 4 5	9	6 2 8 3 9 0 1	5	*
Sample input	Sample output							
5 1 2 3 4 5	9							
6 2 8 3 9 0 1	5							

5.	<p>WAP that will take n integer numbers into an array, and then reverse all the integers within that array. Finally print them all from 0 index to last valid index.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="192 206 1361 418"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="192 206 780 255">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 206 1361 255">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="192 255 780 325">5 1 2 3 4 5</td><td data-bbox="780 255 1361 325">5 4 3 2 1</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="192 325 780 418">6 2 8 3 9 0 1</td><td data-bbox="780 325 1361 418">1 0 9 3 8 2</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	5 1 2 3 4 5	5 4 3 2 1	6 2 8 3 9 0 1	1 0 9 3 8 2	**
Sample input	Sample output							
5 1 2 3 4 5	5 4 3 2 1							
6 2 8 3 9 0 1	1 0 9 3 8 2							
6.	<p>WAP that will take n integer numbers into an array, and then find the maximum - minimum among them with its index position.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="192 608 1361 819"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="192 608 780 656">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 608 1361 656">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="192 656 780 726">5 1 2 3 4 5</td><td data-bbox="780 656 1361 726">Max: 5, Index: 4 Min: 1, Index: 0</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="192 726 780 819">6 2 8 3 9 0 1</td><td data-bbox="780 726 1361 819">Max: 9, Index: 3 Min: 0, Index: 4</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	5 1 2 3 4 5	Max: 5, Index: 4 Min: 1, Index: 0	6 2 8 3 9 0 1	Max: 9, Index: 3 Min: 0, Index: 4	**
Sample input	Sample output							
5 1 2 3 4 5	Max: 5, Index: 4 Min: 1, Index: 0							
6 2 8 3 9 0 1	Max: 9, Index: 3 Min: 0, Index: 4							
7.	<p>WAP that will take n alphabets into an array, and then count number of vowels in that array.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="192 1009 1361 1220"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="192 1009 780 1058">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 1009 1361 1058">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="192 1058 780 1127">7 AKIOUEH</td><td data-bbox="780 1058 1361 1127">Count: 5</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="192 1127 780 1220">29 UNITEDINTERNATIONALUNIVERSITY</td><td data-bbox="780 1127 1361 1220">Count: 13</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	7 AKIOUEH	Count: 5	29 UNITEDINTERNATIONALUNIVERSITY	Count: 13	*
Sample input	Sample output							
7 AKIOUEH	Count: 5							
29 UNITEDINTERNATIONALUNIVERSITY	Count: 13							
8.	<p>WAP that will take n integers into an array, and then search a number into that array. If found then print its index. If not found then print "NOT FOUND".</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="192 1410 1361 1685"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="192 1410 780 1459">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 1410 1361 1459">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="192 1459 780 1571">8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 3</td><td data-bbox="780 1459 1361 1571">FOUND at index position: 3, 7</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="192 1571 780 1685">8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 5</td><td data-bbox="780 1571 1361 1685">NOT FOUND</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 3	FOUND at index position: 3, 7	8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 5	NOT FOUND	*
Sample input	Sample output							
8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 3	FOUND at index position: 3, 7							
8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 5	NOT FOUND							

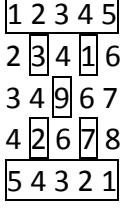
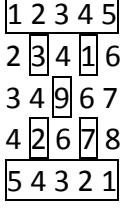
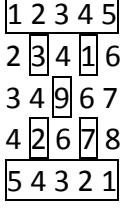
9.	<p>WAP that will take n integers into an array A, and then copy all numbers in reverse order from array A to another array B. Finally show all elements of both array A and B.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 206 1367 418"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 206 780 255">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 206 1367 255">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 255 780 340">8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3</td><td data-bbox="780 255 1367 340">Array A : 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 Array B : 3 4 6 2 3 1 8 7</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 340 780 418">3 3 2 1</td><td data-bbox="780 340 1367 418">Array A : 3 2 1 Array B : 1 2 3</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	Array A : 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 Array B : 3 4 6 2 3 1 8 7	3 3 2 1	Array A : 3 2 1 Array B : 1 2 3	*
Sample input	Sample output							
8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	Array A : 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 Array B : 3 4 6 2 3 1 8 7							
3 3 2 1	Array A : 3 2 1 Array B : 1 2 3							
10.	<p>WAP that will take n real numbers into an array, and then find the average of them.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 566 1367 777"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 566 780 614">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 566 1367 614">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 614 780 699">8 7.8 1 3 2 6 4 3</td><td data-bbox="780 614 1367 699">Average: 4.25</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 699 780 777">3 3 2 1</td><td data-bbox="780 699 1367 777">Average: 2.00</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7.8 1 3 2 6 4 3	Average: 4.25	3 3 2 1	Average: 2.00	*
Sample input	Sample output							
8 7.8 1 3 2 6 4 3	Average: 4.25							
3 3 2 1	Average: 2.00							
11.	<p>WAP that will first take n integers into an array A and then m integers into array B. Now swap all elements between array A and B. Finally show all elements of both array A and B.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 967 1367 1178"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 967 780 1015">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 967 1367 1015">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1015 780 1178">8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 3 3 2 1</td><td data-bbox="780 1015 1367 1178">Array A : 3 2 1 Array B : 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 3 3 2 1	Array A : 3 2 1 Array B : 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	**		
Sample input	Sample output							
8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3 3 3 2 1	Array A : 3 2 1 Array B : 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3							
12.	<p>WAP that will take n positive integers into an array A. Now find all the integers that are divisible by 3 and replace them by -1 in array A. Finally show all elements of array A.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 1368 1367 1579"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 1368 780 1417">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 1368 1367 1417">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1417 780 1501">8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3</td><td data-bbox="780 1417 1367 1501">7 8 1 -1 2 -1 4 -1</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1501 780 1579">3 3 2 1</td><td data-bbox="780 1501 1367 1579">-1 2 1</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	7 8 1 -1 2 -1 4 -1	3 3 2 1	-1 2 1	*
Sample input	Sample output							
8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	7 8 1 -1 2 -1 4 -1							
3 3 2 1	-1 2 1							

13.	<p>WAP that will take n integers into an array A. Now sort them in ascending order within that array. Finally show all elements of array A.</p> <p>Reference: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bubble_sort</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 255 1361 460"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 255 780 297">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 255 1361 297">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 297 780 382">8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3</td><td data-bbox="780 297 1361 382">1 2 3 3 4 6 7 8</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 382 780 460">3 3 2 1</td><td data-bbox="780 382 1361 460">1 2 3</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	1 2 3 3 4 6 7 8	3 3 2 1	1 2 3	***		
Sample input	Sample output									
8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	1 2 3 3 4 6 7 8									
3 3 2 1	1 2 3									
14.	<p>WAP that will take n integers into an array A. Now find the median of those numbers.</p> <p>Reference: http://www.mathsisfun.com/median.html</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 644 1361 849"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 644 780 686">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 644 1361 686">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 686 780 770">8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3</td><td data-bbox="780 686 1361 770">3.5</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 770 780 849">3 3 2 1</td><td data-bbox="780 770 1361 849">2</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	3.5	3 3 2 1	2	***		
Sample input	Sample output									
8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	3.5									
3 3 2 1	2									
15.	<p>WAP that will take n integers into an array A. Now find the standard deviation of those numbers. Reference: http://www.mathsisfun.com/data/standard-deviation.html</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 1045 1361 1250"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 1045 780 1087">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 1045 1361 1087">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1087 780 1172">8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3</td><td data-bbox="780 1087 1361 1172">2.493</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1172 780 1250">3 3 2 1</td><td data-bbox="780 1172 1361 1250">1.000</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	2.493	3 3 2 1	1.000	**		
Sample input	Sample output									
8 7 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	2.493									
3 3 2 1	1.000									
16.	<p>WAP that will take an integer as input and convert it into hexadecimal number. Save each digit of hexadecimal number into a character array. Finally show the hexadecimal number.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 1474 1361 1679"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 1474 780 1516">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 1474 1361 1516">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1516 780 1558">23456</td><td data-bbox="780 1516 1361 1558">5BA0</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1558 780 1600">15</td><td data-bbox="780 1558 1361 1600">F</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1600 780 1643">10029</td><td data-bbox="780 1600 1361 1643">272D</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	23456	5BA0	15	F	10029	272D	**
Sample input	Sample output									
23456	5BA0									
15	F									
10029	272D									

17.	<p>WAP that will take n integers into an array A. Now remove all duplicates numbers from that array. Finally print all elements from that array.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="187 211 1362 496"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="187 211 775 264">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="775 211 1362 264">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="187 264 775 348">8 2 8 1 3 2 6 4 3</td><td data-bbox="775 264 1362 348">2 8 1 3 6 4</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="187 348 775 432">3 3 3 3</td><td data-bbox="775 348 1362 432">3</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="187 432 775 496">4 6 7 8 9</td><td data-bbox="775 432 1362 496">6 7 8 9</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 2 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	2 8 1 3 6 4	3 3 3 3	3	4 6 7 8 9	6 7 8 9	**
Sample input	Sample output									
8 2 8 1 3 2 6 4 3	2 8 1 3 6 4									
3 3 3 3	3									
4 6 7 8 9	6 7 8 9									
18.	<p>WAP that will take n integers into an array A and m positive integers into array B. Now find the intersection (set operation) of array A and B.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="187 686 1362 1045"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="187 686 775 739">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="775 686 1362 739">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="187 739 775 887">8 7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 6 1 3 6 0 9 2</td><td data-bbox="775 739 1362 887">1 2 6 3</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="187 887 775 1045">3 1 2 3 2 4 5</td><td data-bbox="775 887 1362 1045">Empty set</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 6 1 3 6 0 9 2	1 2 6 3	3 1 2 3 2 4 5	Empty set	**		
Sample input	Sample output									
8 7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 6 1 3 6 0 9 2	1 2 6 3									
3 1 2 3 2 4 5	Empty set									
19.	<p>WAP that will take n integers into an array A and m positive integers into array B. Now find the union (set operation) of array A and B.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="187 1235 1362 1594"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="187 1235 775 1288">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="775 1235 1362 1288">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="187 1288 775 1436">8 7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 6 1 3 6 0 9 2</td><td data-bbox="775 1288 1362 1436">7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 0 9</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="187 1436 775 1594">3 1 2 3 2 4 5</td><td data-bbox="775 1436 1362 1594">1 2 3 4 5</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 6 1 3 6 0 9 2	7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 0 9	3 1 2 3 2 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	**		
Sample input	Sample output									
8 7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 6 1 3 6 0 9 2	7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 0 9									
3 1 2 3 2 4 5	1 2 3 4 5									

20.	<p>WAP that will take n integers into an array A and m positive integers into array B. Now find the difference (set operation) of array A and B or (A-B).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 211 1361 570"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 211 780 253">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 211 1361 253">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 253 780 422">8 7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 6 1 3 6 0 9 2</td><td data-bbox="780 253 1361 422">7 8 5 4</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 422 780 570">3 1 2 3 2 4 5</td><td data-bbox="780 422 1361 570">1 2 3</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	8 7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 6 1 3 6 0 9 2	7 8 5 4	3 1 2 3 2 4 5	1 2 3	**
Sample input	Sample output							
8 7 8 1 5 2 6 4 3 6 1 3 6 0 9 2	7 8 5 4							
3 1 2 3 2 4 5	1 2 3							
21.	<p>WAP that will take 9 integers into a 3 by 3 array (2D) and show them as traditional matrix view.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 760 1361 1045"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 760 780 802">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 760 1361 802">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 802 780 918">9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1</td><td data-bbox="780 802 1361 918">9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 918 780 1045">1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3</td><td data-bbox="780 918 1361 1045">1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3	*
Sample input	Sample output							
9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1							
1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3							
22.	<p>WAP that will take (m x n) integers into a <i>m by n</i> array (2D) and print them both row-wise and column-wise.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 1235 1361 1562"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 1235 780 1277">Sample input (m,n)</th><th data-bbox="780 1235 1361 1277">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1277 780 1393">2 3 1 2 3 6 5 4</td><td data-bbox="780 1277 1361 1393">Row-wise: 1 2 3 6 5 4 Column-wise: 1 6 2 5 3 4</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1393 780 1562">3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3</td><td data-bbox="780 1393 1361 1562">Row-wise: 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 Column-wise: 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input (m,n)	Sample output	2 3 1 2 3 6 5 4	Row-wise: 1 2 3 6 5 4 Column-wise: 1 6 2 5 3 4	3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3	Row-wise: 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 Column-wise: 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3	*
Sample input (m,n)	Sample output							
2 3 1 2 3 6 5 4	Row-wise: 1 2 3 6 5 4 Column-wise: 1 6 2 5 3 4							
3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3	Row-wise: 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 Column-wise: 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3							
23.	<p>WAP that will take inputs of a 3 by 3 matrix into a 2D array. Now find the determinant of this matrix. http://www.mathsisfun.com/algebra/matrix-determinant.html</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 1752 1361 1911"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 1752 780 1795">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 1752 1361 1795">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1795 780 1911">1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9</td><td data-bbox="780 1795 1361 1911">0</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0	*		
Sample input	Sample output							
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0							

24.	<p>WAP that will take inputs of a n sized square matrix into a 2D array. Now show all the elements of its two diagonals. Reference: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Main_diagonal</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="189 202 1364 487"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="189 202 780 244">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 202 1364 244">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="189 244 780 487"> 5 1 2 3 4 5 5 4 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 9 3 7 4 </td><td data-bbox="780 244 1364 487"> Major diagonal: 1 4 2 9 4 Minor diagonal: 5 2 2 7 1 </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	5 1 2 3 4 5 5 4 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 9 3 7 4	Major diagonal: 1 4 2 9 4 Minor diagonal: 5 2 2 7 1	*
Sample input	Sample output					
5 1 2 3 4 5 5 4 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 9 3 7 4	Major diagonal: 1 4 2 9 4 Minor diagonal: 5 2 2 7 1					
25.	<p>WAP that will take the size of an identity matrix from the user and generate the identity matrix into a 2D array. Finally display it.</p> <p>Reference: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Identity_matrix</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="189 730 1364 963"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="189 730 780 772">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 730 1364 772">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="189 772 780 963"> 5 </td><td data-bbox="780 772 1364 963"> 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	5	1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1	*
Sample input	Sample output					
5	1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1					
26.	<p>WAP that will take inputs of two $m \times n$ sized matrix into two 2D array, suppose A and B. Now do $C = A + B$. Finally display all the elements from matrix / 2D array C.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="189 1153 1364 1438"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="189 1153 780 1195">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 1153 1364 1195">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="189 1195 780 1438"> 2 3 1 2 3 2 3 4 1 1 1 2 2 2 </td><td data-bbox="780 1195 1364 1438"> 2 3 4 4 5 6 </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	2 3 1 2 3 2 3 4 1 1 1 2 2 2	2 3 4 4 5 6	*
Sample input	Sample output					
2 3 1 2 3 2 3 4 1 1 1 2 2 2	2 3 4 4 5 6					
27.	<p>WAP that will take inputs of two 3×3 sized matrix into two 2D array, suppose A and B. Now do $C = A * B$ (multiplication). Finally display all the elements from matrix / 2D array C.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="189 1681 1364 1945"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="189 1681 780 1723">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 1681 1364 1723">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="189 1723 780 1945"> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 </td><td data-bbox="780 1723 1364 1945"> 9 9 9 24 24 24 39 39 39 </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1	9 9 9 24 24 24 39 39 39	***
Sample input	Sample output					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1	9 9 9 24 24 24 39 39 39					

28.	<p>WAP that will take inputs of $m \times n$ sized matrix into a 2D array and find the maximum element with index location from that matrix.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> 3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2 </td><td> Max: 9 Location: [2][1] </td></tr> <tr> <td> 2 3 9 8 7 3 4 5 </td><td> Max: 9 Location: [0][0] </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2	Max: 9 Location: [2][1]	2 3 9 8 7 3 4 5	Max: 9 Location: [0][0]	*
Sample input	Sample output							
3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2	Max: 9 Location: [2][1]							
2 3 9 8 7 3 4 5	Max: 9 Location: [0][0]							
29.	<p>WAP that will take $(n \times n)$ integer inputs into a square matrix of dimension n (where n must be an odd number). Then calculate sum of the integers at first row, last row and two diagonals without overlap. Please see the sample input-output.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Sample input</th><th>Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> 5  </td><td>52</td></tr> <tr> <td> 7  </td><td>23</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	5 	52	7 	23	**
Sample input	Sample output							
5 	52							
7 	23							

30. WAP that will take (n x n) integer inputs into a square matrix of dimension n (where n must be an odd number). Then calculate sum of the integers based on following position pattern (consider only the boxed position during the sum). Please see the input-output.

Sample input	Sample output																																																	
5 <table border="1"> <tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>1</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>9</td><td>6</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>2</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td></tr> </table>	1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	1	6	3	4	9	6	7	4	2	6	7	8	5	4	3	2	1	71																								
1	2	3	4	5																																														
2	3	4	1	6																																														
3	4	9	6	7																																														
4	2	6	7	8																																														
5	4	3	2	1																																														
7 <table border="1"> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> </table>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	25
1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																												
1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																												
1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																												
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1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																												
1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																												

31. WAP that will take (n x n) integer inputs into a square matrix of dimension n (where n must be an odd number). Then calculate sum of the integers based on following position pattern (consider only the boxed position during the sum). Please see the input-output.

Sample input	Sample output																																																	
5 <table border="1"> <tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>1</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>9</td><td>6</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>2</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td></tr> </table>	1	2	3	4	5	2	3	4	1	6	3	4	9	6	7	4	2	6	7	8	5	4	3	2	1	65																								
1	2	3	4	5																																														
2	3	4	1	6																																														
3	4	9	6	7																																														
4	2	6	7	8																																														
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7 <table border="1"> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> </table>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	33
1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																												
1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																												
1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																												
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1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																												
1	1	1	1	1	1	1																																												

**

32.	<p>WAP that will take $(m \times n)$ integer inputs into a matrix of dimension $m \times n$. Now reverse that matrix within itself and display it. Reversal means swap 1st column with the n^{th} column, swap 2nd column with the $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ column and so on...</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 249 1362 572"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 249 780 291">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 249 1362 291">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 291 780 460">3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2</td><td data-bbox="780 291 1362 460">3 2 1 6 5 4 2 9 2</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 460 780 572">2 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 9 8 7 6 5 4</td><td data-bbox="780 460 1362 572">6 5 4 3 2 1 4 5 6 7 8 9</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2	3 2 1 6 5 4 2 9 2	2 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 9 8 7 6 5 4	6 5 4 3 2 1 4 5 6 7 8 9	**
Sample input	Sample output							
3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 9 2	3 2 1 6 5 4 2 9 2							
2 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 9 8 7 6 5 4	6 5 4 3 2 1 4 5 6 7 8 9							
33.	<p>WAP that will take $(n \times n)$ integer inputs into a square matrix of dimension n. Now determine whether the matrix is symmetric or not.</p> <p>Reference: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Symmetric_matrix</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 804 1362 1127"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 804 780 840">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 804 1362 840">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 840 780 994">3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6</td><td data-bbox="780 840 1362 994">Yes</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 994 780 1127">2 1 3 4 2</td><td data-bbox="780 994 1362 1127">No</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6	Yes	2 1 3 4 2	No	**
Sample input	Sample output							
3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6	Yes							
2 1 3 4 2	No							
34.	<p>WAP that will take $(m \times n)$ positive integer inputs into a matrix of dimension $m \times n$. Now replace all the duplicate integers by -1 in that matrix. Finally display it.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="186 1339 1362 1698"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="186 1339 780 1374">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="780 1339 1362 1374">Sample output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1374 780 1529">3 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6</td><td data-bbox="780 1374 1362 1529">1 7 3 -1 4 5 -1 -1 6</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="186 1529 780 1698">2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 5 4 3 2 1</td><td data-bbox="780 1529 1362 1698">2 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 6 5 4 3 -1 1</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Sample input	Sample output	3 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6	1 7 3 -1 4 5 -1 -1 6	2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 5 4 3 2 1	2 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 6 5 4 3 -1 1	***
Sample input	Sample output							
3 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6	1 7 3 -1 4 5 -1 -1 6							
2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 5 4 3 2 1	2 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 6 5 4 3 -1 1							

35.	WAP that will take $(m \times n)$ integer inputs into a matrix of dimension $m \times n$. Now just simply add all the integers in that matrix and show the result.	*						
<table border="1"><thead><tr><th data-bbox="187 200 791 255">Sample input</th><th data-bbox="791 200 1379 255">Sample output</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td data-bbox="187 255 791 424">3 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6</td><td data-bbox="791 255 1379 424">41</td></tr><tr><td data-bbox="187 424 791 572">2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 5 4 3 2 1</td><td data-bbox="791 424 1379 572">33</td></tr></tbody></table>	Sample input	Sample output	3 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6	41	2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 5 4 3 2 1	33		
Sample input	Sample output							
3 3 1 7 3 7 4 5 3 5 6	41							
2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 5 4 3 2 1	33							